

Exercise 31

For the following exercises, use synthetic division to find the quotient.

$$(x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 6) \div (x + 3)$$

Solution

Solving $x + 3 = 0$ gives $x = -3$; this is the number that goes on the top left. Write out all the coefficients of the dividend to the right.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & & & \end{array}$$

Bring down the leading coefficient.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & 1 & & & & \end{array}$$

Multiply the top left number by the number brought down and put the result under the second coefficient of the dividend.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & 1 & -3 & & & \end{array}$$

Add the numbers in the second column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & -3 & & \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & & & \end{array}$$

Multiply this sum of the second column by the top left number and put it in the next column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & -3 & 3 & \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & & & \end{array}$$

Add the numbers in the third column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & -3 & 3 & \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & 0 & & \end{array}$$

Multiply this sum of the third column by the top left number and put it in the next column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & 0 & & \end{array}$$

Add the numbers in the fourth column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 & \end{array}$$

Multiply this sum of the fourth column by the top left number and put it in the next column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & & & -3 & 3 & 0 & -6 \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 & \end{array}$$

Add the numbers in the fifth column.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -3 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 6 \\ & & & -3 & 3 & 0 & -6 \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$$

This final result is the remainder, and the numbers to the left are the coefficients of the quotient, which is $x^3 - x^2 + 2$.

$$(x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 6) \div (x + 3) = x^3 - x^2 + 2$$